



FEATURES

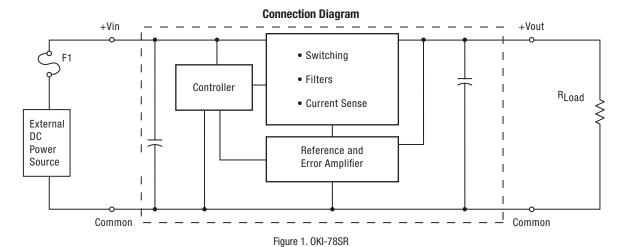
- Ultra wide 7 to 36 VDC input range
- Fixed Outputs of 3.3 or 5 VDC up to 1.5 Amps
- Vertical or horizontal SIP-mount, small footprint package
- "No heat sink" direct replacement for 3-terminal 78xx-series linear regulators
- High efficiency with no external components
- Short circuit protection
- Outstanding thermal derating performance
- UL/EN/IEC 60950-1, 2nd Edition safety approvals

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Fabricated on a 0.41 by 0.65 inch (10.4 by 16.5 mm) Single Inline Package (SIP) module, the 0KI-78SR series are non-isolated switching regulator (SR) DC/DC power converters for embedded applications. The fixed single output converters offer both tight regulation and high efficiency directly at the power usage site and are a direct plug-in replacement for TO-220 package 78xx series linear regulators. Typically, no extra outside components are required.

Two nominal output voltages are offered (3.3 and 5 VDC), each with 1.5 Amp maximum output. Based on fixed-frequency buck switching topology, the high efficiency means very low heat and little electrical noise, requiring no external components. The ultra wide input range is 7 to 36 Volts DC.

Protection features include short circuit current limit protection. The OKI-78SR is designed to meet all standards approvals. RoHS-6 (no lead) hazardous material compliance is specified as standard.



Note: Murata Power Solutions strongly recommends an external input fuse, F1. See specifications.

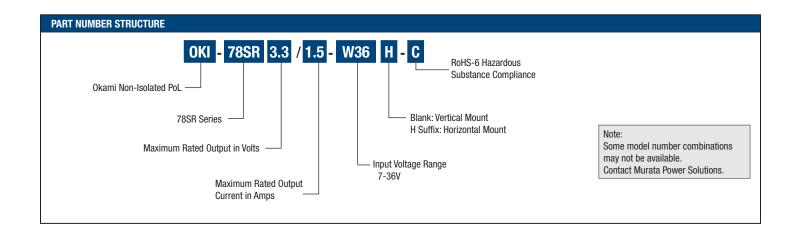






FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS SUMMARY AND ORDERING GUIDE															
Output					Input										
		Іоит		R/N (mVp-p)	-p) Regulation (Typ.)		Regulation (Typ.)				lin,	lın,	Effic	iency	
Root Model	Vout (Volts)	(Amps max)	Power (Watts)	Max.	Line	Load	VIN Nom. (Volts)	Range (Volts)	no load (mA)	full load (Amps)	Min.	Тур.	Package ①		
OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36-C	3.3	1.5	4.95	40	±0.25%	±0.25%	24	7-36	5	0.48	84%	85.5%	0.41 x 0.65 x 0.3 (10.4 x 16.5 x 7.62)		
OKI-78SR-5/1.5-W36-C	5	1.5	7.5	75	±0.25%	±0.25%	24	7-36	5	0.69	89%	90.5%	0.41 x 0.65 x 0.3 (10.4 x 16.5 x 7.62)		

① Dimensions are in inches (mm).



Product Label

Because of the small size of these products, the product label contains a character-reduced code to indicate the model number and manufacturing date code. Not all items on the label are always used. Please note that the label differs from the product photograph on page 1. Here is the layout of the label: The label contains three rows of information:

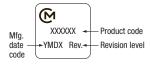


Figure 2. Label Artwork Layout

First row – Murata Power Solutions logo Second row – Model number product code (see table) Third row – Manufacturing date code and revision level The manufacturing date code is four characters:

Model Number	Product Code		
OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36-C	l33115		
OKI-78SR-5/1.5-W36-C	I50115		
OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36H-C	I33115H		
OKI-78SR-5/1.5-W36H-C	I50115H		

First character – Last digit of manufacturing year, example $200\underline{9}$ Second character – Month code (1 through 9 = Jan-Sep; 0, N, D = Oct, Nov, Dec)

Third character – Day code (1 through 9 = 1 to 9, 10 = 0 and 11 through 31 = A through Z)

Fourth character - Manufacturing information

② All specifications are at nominal line voltage, Vout = nominal and full load, +25 °C., with no external capacitor, unless otherwise noted.





· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	s noted. See Note 1				
Input					
Input Voltage Range	See Ordering Guide.				
Recommended External Fuse	2 Amps fast blow				
Reverse Polarity Protection (Note 9)	None. Install an external fuse.				
Isolation (note 5)	Not isolated. The input and output share a				
	common return.				
Start-Up Voltage	NA				
Undervoltage Shutdown	NA				
Overvoltage Shutdown	None				
Internal Input Filter Type	Capacitive				
Input Current:					
Full Load Conditions	See Ordering Guide				
Inrush Transient	0.16 A ² Sec.				
Shutdown Mode (Off, UV, OT)	1 mA				
Output in Short Circuit	5 mA				
No Load	5 mA				
Low Line (Vin=Vmin, Vout=nom)	0.8 Amps (OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36)				
Low Line (Viii=Viiiii, Vout=iioiii)	1.16 Amps (0KI-78SR-5/1.5-W36)				
Reflected (Back) Ripple Current	10 mA pk-pk (OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36)				
(Note 2)	49 mA pk-pk (OKI-78SR-5/1.5-W36)				
	Output				
Output Voltage	See Ordering Guide				
Output Current Range	0 to 1.5 Amps				
Minimum Loading (Note 11)	No minimum load				
Maximum Output Power	5.15 Watts (OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36) 7.8 Watts (OKI-78SR-5/1.5-W36)				
Accuracy (50% load)	±4 % of Vnom				
Overvoltage Protection (Note 7)	None				
Temperature Coefficient	±0.02% per °C. of Vout range				
Ripple/Noise (20 MHz bandwidth)	See Ordering Guide and note 11				
Line/Load Regulation	See Ordering Guide and note 10				
Efficiency	See Ordering Guide and performance graphs				
Maximum Capacitive Loading					
Cap-ESR=0.001 to 0.01 0hms	300 μF				
Cap-ESR >0.01 Ohms	3300 μF				
Current Limit Inception (98% of Vout	·				
setting, after warm up)	3.5 Amps				
Short Circuit Mode (Notes 6, 11)					
Short Circuit Current Output	10 mA				
Protection Method	Hiccup autorecovery upon overload removal. (Note 8)				
Short Circuit Duration	Continuous, no damage (output shorted to ground)				
Prebias Startup	The converter will start up if the external outpu voltage is less than Vnominal.				
Dynami	ic Characteristics				
Dynamic Load Response (50% to 100% load step, no external caps)					
di/dt = 1 A/µSec	25 μSec settling time to within ±2% of final value				
<u> </u>	100 mV				
Peak deviation					

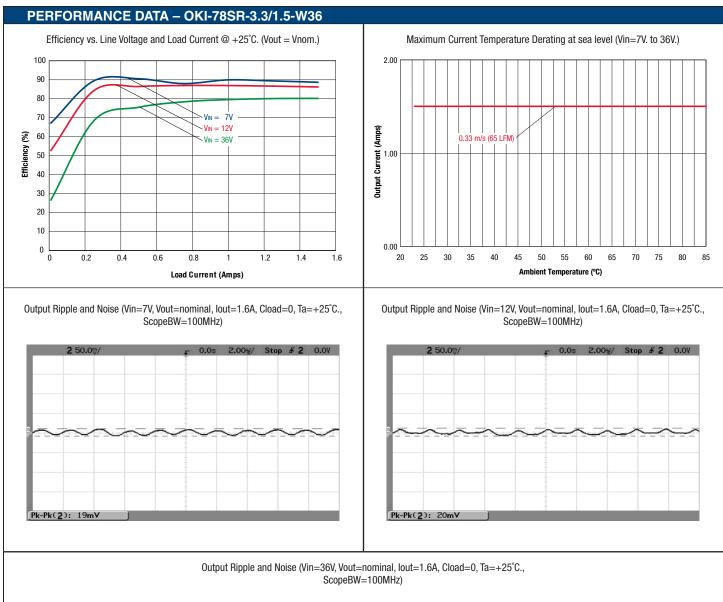
500 KHz

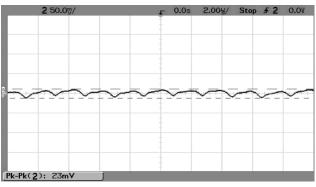
Environmental						
Calculated MTBF (Note 4)	Ambient Temp.	Hours				
OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36-C	+25°C	78,721,000				
Telecordia method (4a)	+40°C	59,017,000				
OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36-C	+25°C	14,587,000				
MIL-HDBK-217N2 method (4b)	+40°C 9,814,000					
Operating Ambient Temperature Range						
Full power, with derating [3]	-40 to +85°C. see derating curves.					
Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +125 °C.					
Relative Humidity	to 85%/+85 °C.					
Physical						
Outline Dimensions	See Mechanical Specific	cations [11]				
Weight	0.07 ounces (2 grams)					
	Certified to UL/cUL 60950-1					
Safety	CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1					
	IEC/EN 60950-1, 2nd Edition					
Absolute Maximum Ratings						
Input Voltage, Continuous or transient	36 Volts max.					
Input Reverse Polarity Protection	None. Install external fuse.					
Output Current	Current-limited. Devices can withstand sustained					
Output ourrent	short circuit without damage.					
Storage Temperature	-40 to +125 deg. C.					

Specification Notes:

- (1) All specifications are typical unless noted. General conditions for Specifications are +25 deg.C ambient temperature, Vin=nominal, Vout=nominal, full rated load. Adequate airflow must be supplied for extended testing under power. See Derating curves.
 - All models are tested and specified with no external capacitors. All models are stable and regulate within spec under no-load conditions.
- (2) Input Back Ripple Current is tested and specified over a 5 Hz to 20 MHz bandwidth. Input filtering is Cin=2 x $100 \,\mu\text{F}$, Cbus= $1000 \,\mu\text{F}$, Lbus= $1 \,\mu\text{H}$. All caps are low ESR types.
- (3) Note that Maximum Power Derating curves indicate an average current at nominal input voltage. At higher temperatures and/or lower airflow, the DC/DC converter will tolerate brief full current outputs if the total RMS current over time does not exceed the Derating curve. All Derating curves are presented near sea level altitude. Be aware of reduced power dissipation with increasing altitude.
- (4a) Mean Time Before Failure is calculated using the Telcordia (Belcore) SR-332 Method 1, Case 3, ground fixed conditions, Tpcboard=+25 °C, full output load, natural air convection.
- (4b) Mean Time Before Failure is calculated using the MIL-HDBK-217N2 method, ground benign, +25°C., full output load, natural convection.
- (5) The input and output are not isolated. They share a single COMMON power and signal return.
- (6) Short circuit shutdown begins when the output voltage degrades approximately 2% from the selected setting. Output current limit and short circuit protection are non-latching. When the overcurrent fault is removed, the converter will immediately recover.
- (7) The output is not intended to sink appreciable reverse current.
- (8) "Hiccup" overcurrent operation repeatedly attempts to restart the converter with a brief, full-current output. If the overcurrent condition still exists, the restart current will be removed and then tried again. This short current pulse prevents overheating and damaging the converter.
- (9) Input Fusing: If reverse polarity is accidentally applied to the input, to ensure reverse input protection, always connect an external input fast-blow fuse in series with the +Vin input. Use approximately twice the full input current rating with nominal input voltage.
- (10) Regulation specifications describe the deviation as the line input voltage or output load current is varied from a nominal midpoint value to either extreme.
- (11) Output noise may be further reduced by installing an external filter. Do not exceed the maximum output capacitance. At zero output current and no external capacitor, the output may contain low frequency components which exceed the ripple specification. The output may be operated indefinitely with no load.

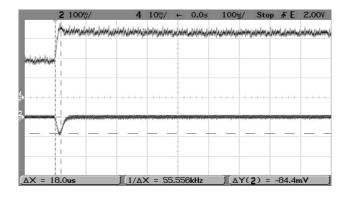
Switching Frequency



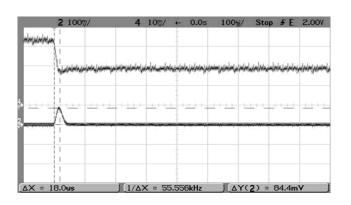


PERFORMANCE DATA – OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36

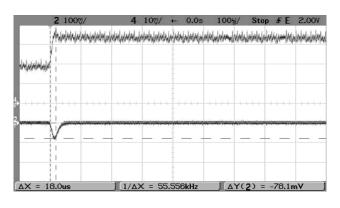
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=7V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=0.75A to 1.5A, Slew=1A/μS, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div



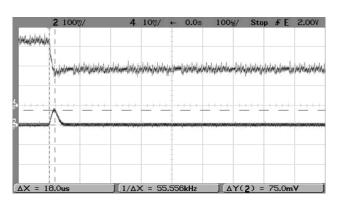
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=7V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=1.5A to 0.75A, Slew=1A/μS, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.



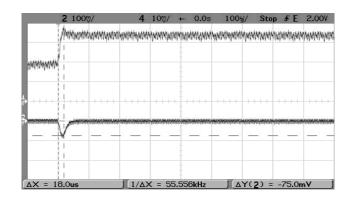
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=12V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=0.75A to 1.5A, Slew=1A/ μ S, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.



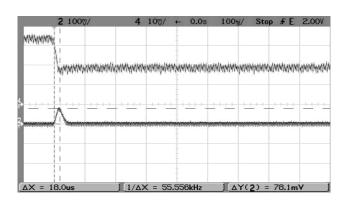
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=12V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=1.5A to 0.75A, Slew=1A/µS, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.

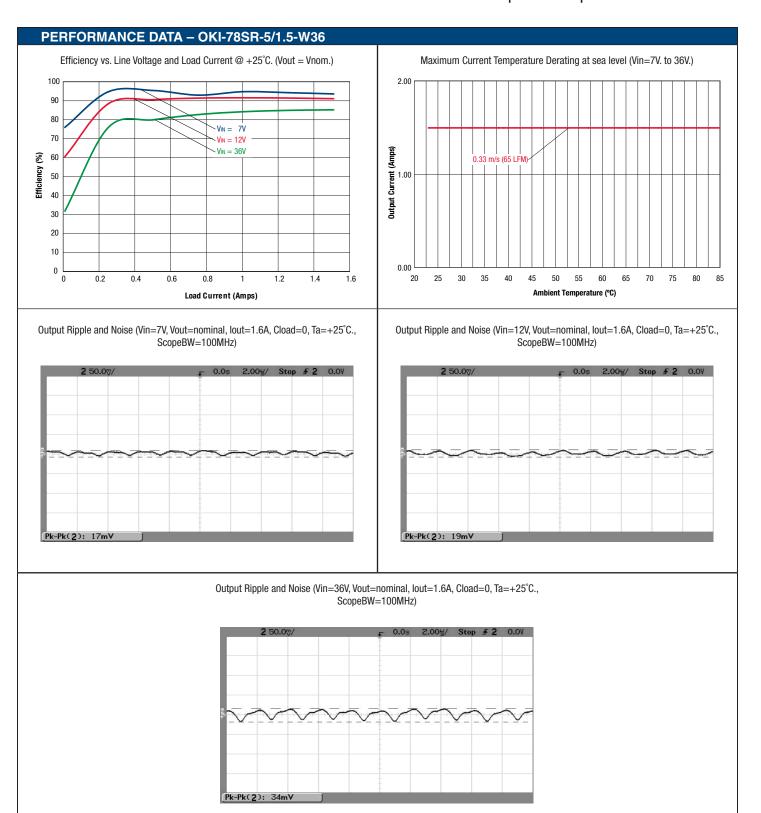


Step Load Transient Response (Vin=36V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=0.75A to 1.5A, Slew=1A/ μ S, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.



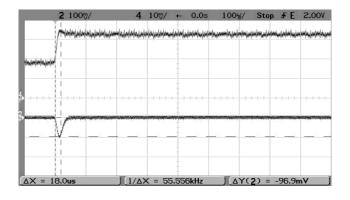
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=36V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=1.5A to 0.75A, Slew=1A/ μ S, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.



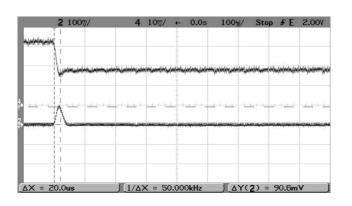


PERFORMANCE DATA – OKI-78SR-5/1.5-W36

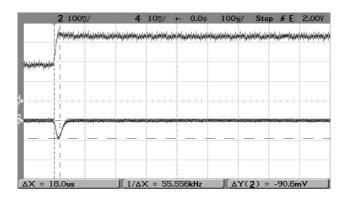
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=7V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=0.75A to 1.5A, Slew=1A/µS, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.



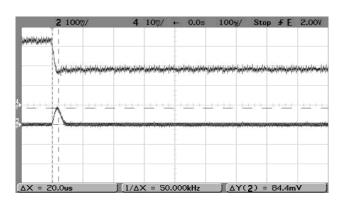
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=7V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=1.5A to 0.75A, Slew=1A/μS, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.



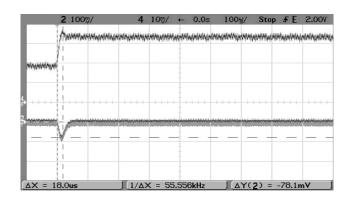
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=12V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=0.75A to 1.5A, Slew=1A/µS, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.



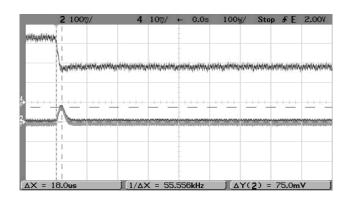
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=12V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=1.5A to 0.75A, Slew=1A/µS, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.



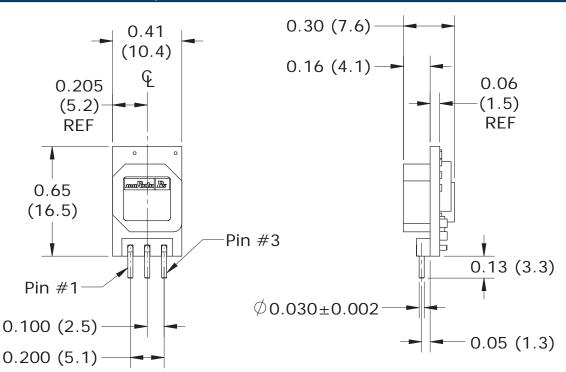
Step Load Transient Response (Vin=36V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=0.75A to 1.5A, Slew=1A/µS, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.

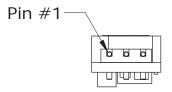


Step Load Transient Response (Vin=36V, Vout=nominal, Cload=0, lout=1.5A to 0.75A, Slew=1A/ μ S, Ta=+25°C.) Trace 2=Vout, 100 mV/div. Trace 4=lout, 0.5A/div.

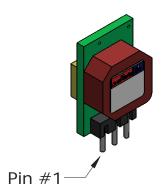


MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS, VERTICAL MOUNT



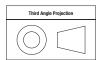


PIN MATERIAL: COPPER ALLOY PIN FINISH: PURE MATTE TIN 100-300 u" OVER 75-150 u" NICKEL



INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS OKI-78SR				
Pin	Function			
1	Positive Input			
2	Common (Ground)			
3	Positive Output			

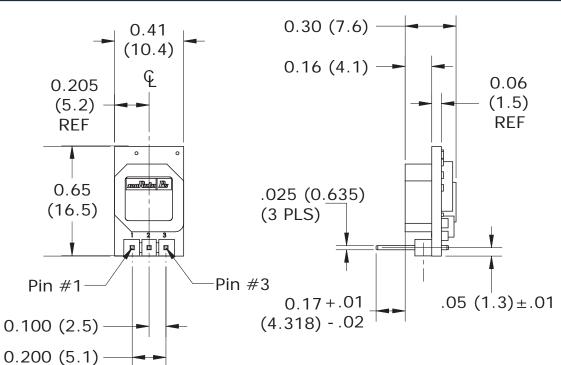
Dimensions are in inches (mm shown for ref. only).

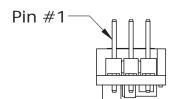


Tolerances (unless otherwise specified): $XX \pm 0.02$ (0.5) $XXX \pm 0.010$ (0.25) Angles \pm 1°

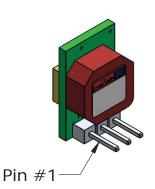
Components are shown for reference only.

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS, HORIZONTAL MOUNT





PIN MATERIAL: COPPER ALLOY PIN FINISH: PURE MATTE TIN 100-300 u" OVER 75-150 u" NICKEL



INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS OKI-78SR				
Pin	Function			
1	Positive Input			
2	Common (Ground)			

Positive Output

Dimensions are in inches (mm shown for ref. only).

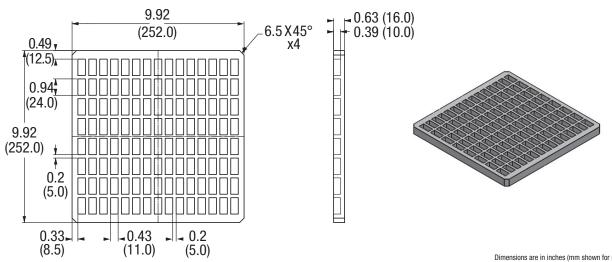


Tolerances (unless otherwise specified): .XX ± 0.02 (0.5) .XXX ± 0.010 (0.25) Angles ± 1°

Components are shown for reference only.

STANDARD PACKAGING Each static dissipative polyethylene foam tray accommodates 120 converters 2.5±.25 (63.5) Closed height $10.00 \pm .25$ 10.00±.25 (254.0)(254.0)

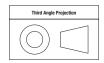
Carton accommodates four (3) trays of 120 yielding 360 converters per carton.



Notes:

- 1. Material: Dow 220 antistat ethafoam (Density: 34-35 kg/m3)
- 2. Dimensions: 252 x 252 x 16 mm 8 x 15 array (120 per tray)

Dimensions are in inches (mm shown for ref. only).



Tolerances (unless otherwise specified): $.XX \pm 0.02$ (0.5) $.XXX \pm 0.010 (0.25)$ Angles ± 2°

Components are shown for reference only.

TECHNICAL NOTES

Input Fusing

Certain applications and/or safety agencies may require fuses at the inputs of power conversion components. Fuses should also be used when there is the possibility of sustained input voltage reversal which is not current-limited. For greatest safety, we recommend a fast blow fuse installed in the ungrounded input supply line.

The installer must observe all relevant safety standards and regulations. For safety agency approvals, install the converter in compliance with the end-user safety standard.

Recommended Input Filtering

The user must assure that the input source has low AC impedance to provide dynamic stability and that the input supply has little or no inductive content, including long distributed wiring to a remote power supply. The converter will operate with no additional external capacitance if these conditions are met.

For best performance, we recommend installing a low-ESR capacitor immediately adjacent to the converter's input terminals. The capacitor should be a ceramic type such as the Murata GRM32 series or a polymer type. Initial suggested capacitor values are 10 to 22 μF , rated at twice the expected maximum input voltage. Make sure that the input terminals do not go below the undervoltage shutdown voltage at all times. More input bulk capacitance may be added in parallel (either electrolytic or tantalum) if needed.

Recommended Output Filtering

The converter will achieve its rated output ripple and noise with no additional external capacitor. However, the user may install more external output capacitance to reduce the ripple even further or for improved dynamic response. Again, use low-ESR ceramic (Murata GRM32 series) or polymer capacitors. Initial values of 10 to 47 μF may be tried, either single or multiple capacitors in parallel. Mount these close to the converter. Measure the output ripple under your load conditions.

Use only as much capacitance as required to achieve your ripple and noise objectives. Excessive capacitance can make step load recovery sluggish or possibly introduce instability. Do not exceed the maximum rated output capacitance listed in the specifications.

Input Ripple Current and Output Noise

All models in this converter series are tested and specified for input reflected ripple current and output noise using designated external input/output components, circuits and layout as shown in the following figures. The Cbus and Lbus components simulate a typical DC voltage bus. Please note that the values of Cin, Lbus and Cbus will vary according to the specific converter model.

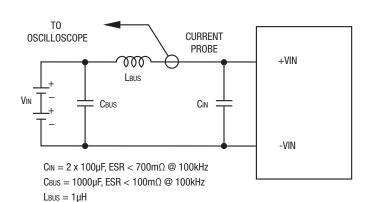


Figure 3 Measuring Input Ripple Current

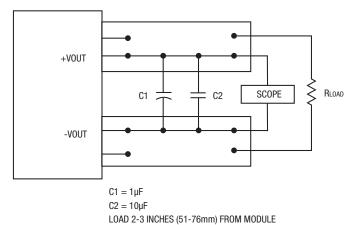


Figure 4. Measuring Output Ripple and Noise (PARD)

Minimum Output Loading Requirements

All models regulate within specification and are stable under no load to full load conditions. Operation under no load might however slightly increase output ripple and noise.

Temperature Derating Curves

The graphs in this data sheet illustrate typical operation under a variety of conditions. The Derating curves show the maximum continuous ambient air temperature and decreasing maximum output current which is acceptable under increasing forced airflow measured in Linear Feet per Minute ("LFM"). Note that these are AVERAGE measurements. The converter will accept brief increases in current or reduced airflow as long as the average is not exceeded.

Note that the temperatures are of the ambient airflow, not the converter itself which is obviously running at higher temperature than the outside air. Also note that "natural convection" is defined as very flow rates which are not using fan-forced airflow. Depending on the application, "natural convection" is usually about 30-65 LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).

Murata Power Solutions makes Characterization measurements in a closed cycle wind tunnel with calibrated airflow. We use both thermocouples and an infrared camera system to observe thermal performance. As a practical matter, it is quite difficult to insert an anemometer to precisely measure airflow in most applications. Sometimes it is possible to estimate the effective airflow if you thoroughly understand the enclosure geometry, entry/exit orifice areas and the fan flowrate specifications.

CAUTION: If you routinely or accidentally exceed these Derating guidelines, the converter may have an unplanned Over Temperature shut down. Also, these graphs are all collected at near Sea Level altitude. Be sure to reduce the derating for higher altitude.

Output Fusing

The converter is extensively protected against current, voltage and temperature extremes. However your output application circuit may need additional protection. In the extremely unlikely event of output circuit failure, excessive voltage could be applied to your circuit. Consider using an appropriate fuse in series with the output.

Output Current Limiting

Current limiting inception is defined as the point at which full power falls below the rated tolerance. See the Performance/Functional Specifications. Note particularly that the output current may briefly rise above its rated value in normal operation as long as the average output power is not exceeded. This enhances reliability and continued operation of your application. If the output current is too high, the converter will enter the short circuit condition.

Output Short Circuit Condition

When a converter is in current-limit mode, the output voltage will drop as the output current demand increases. If the output voltage drops too low (approximately 98% of nominal output voltage for most models), the bias voltage may shut down the PWM controller. Following a time-out period, the PWM will restart, causing the output voltage to begin rising to its appropriate value. If the short-circuit condition persists, another shutdown cycle will initiate. This rapid on/off cycling is called "hiccup mode". The hiccup cycling reduces the average output current, thereby preventing excessive internal temperatures and/or component damage.

The "hiccup" system differs from older latching short circuit systems because you do not have to power down the converter to make it restart. The system will automatically restore operation as soon as the short circuit condition is removed.

Soldering Guidelines

Murata Power Solutions recommends the specifications below when installing these converters. These specifications vary depending on the solder type. Exceeding these specifications may cause damage to the product. Your production environment may differ; therefore please thoroughly review these guidelines with your process engineers.

Wave Solder Operations for through-hole mounted products (THMT)						
For Sn/Ag/Cu based solders:		For Sn/Pb based solders:				
Maximum Preheat Temperature	115° C.	Maximum Preheat Temperature	105° C.			
Maximum Pot Temperature	270° C.	Maximum Pot Temperature	250° C.			
Maximum Solder Dwell Time	7 seconds	Maximum Solder Dwell Time	6 seconds			

Murata Power Solutions, Inc.
11 Cabot Boulevard, Mansfield, MA 02048-1151 U.S.A. ISO 9001 and 14001 REGISTERED



This product is subject to the following operating requirements and the Life and Safety Critical Application Sales Policy:

Refer to: http://www.murata-ps.com/requirements/

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Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

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Murata:

OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36-C OKI-78SR-5/1.5-W36-C OKI-78SR-3.3/1.5-W36H-C OKI-78SR-5/1.5-W36H-C