Multi-View 2D to 3D Lifting Optimization-Based Human Pose Estimation with Occluded Joint Prediction

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Introduction

Accurate 3D human pose estimation is crucial for enhancing **human-robot collaboration and interaction**. This study introduces a robust optimization-based method designed for video-based 3D human pose estimation, addressing challenges such as 2D joint detection errors, occlusions, and varying camera perspectives.

Objectives

- Propose a multi-camera video-based 3D human pose estimation algorithm.
- Accurately predict the position of occluded 3D joints.
- Compare the performance with other state-of-the-art 3D human pose estimation methods.

Methodology

2D to 3D lifting optimization technique that leverages information from multiple video frames, integrating movement patterns and **personalized skeletal features.** It uses a **nonlinear least squares method**, focusing on minimizing reprojection errors, link length uniformity, and frame-to-frame continuity.
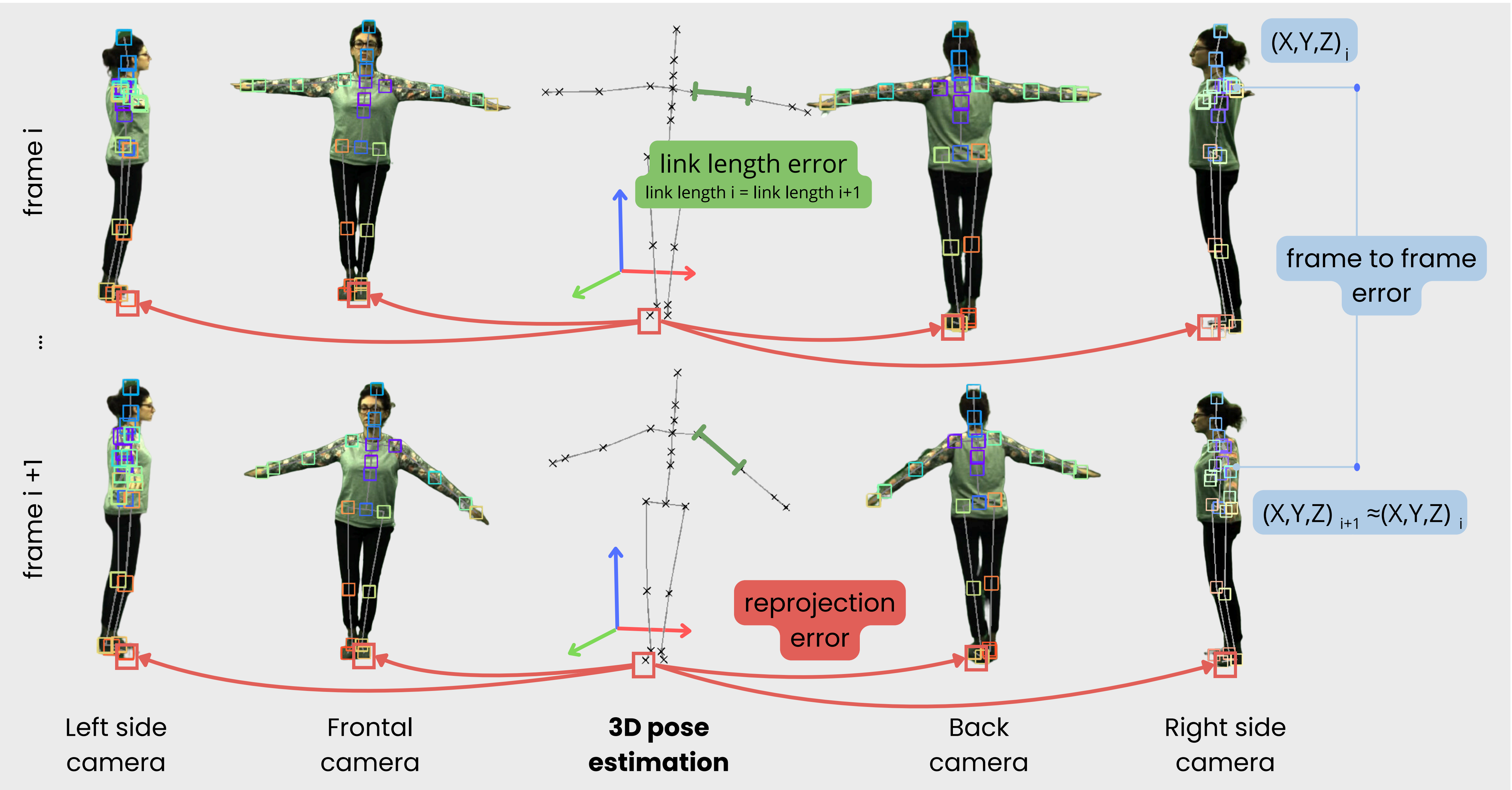
Results

The algorithm was evaluated on the MPI-INF-3DHP dataset, demonstrating robustness to 2D joint errors up to 25 pixels and resilience in scenarios with several occluded joints. Comparative analyses with existing methods showed that our approach performs well in both accuracy and robustness.

Methodology	Optimization	Multi-view	Video	MPJPE ↓
Pavvlo et al.			✓	86.6
Bouazizi et al.		✓		65.9
Jiang et al.	✓			55.2
Zhao et al.			✓	27.8
Yu et al.			✓	27.8
Ours (20px)	✓	✓	✓	36.4
Ours (10px)	✓	✓	✓	18.1

Conclusions

The proposed multi-view video-based optimization method significantly **improves the accuracy of 3D human pose estimation**, especially in the presence of occlusions. This advancement holds substantial potential for enhancing **safety and efficiency in human-robot collaboration**, with applications in diverse fields such as manufacturing, healthcare, and assistive robotics.

Left side camera · Frontal camera · **3D pose estimation** · Back camera · Right side camera

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