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1: /*
2:     libxbee - a C library to aid the use of Digi's Series 1 XBee modules
3:     running in API mode (AP=2).
4:
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6:
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11:
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17:    You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
18:    along with this program. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
19: */
20:
21: /* #####
22: /* ### Win32 Code #####
23: /* #####
24:
25: /* this file contains code that is used by Win32 ONLY */
26: #ifndef _WIN32
27: #error "This file should only be used on a Win32 system"
28: #endif
29:
30: #include "win32.h"
31: #include "win32.dll.c"
32:
33: static int init_serial(int baudrate) {
34:     int chosenbaud;
35:     DCB tc;
36:     int evtMask;
37:     COMMTIMEOUTS timeouts;
38:
39:     /* open the serial port */
40:     xbee.tty = CreateFile(TEXT(xbee.path),
41:                          GENERIC_READ | GENERIC_WRITE,
42:                          0, /* exclusive access */
43:                          NULL, /* default security attributes */
44:                          OPEN_EXISTING,
45:                          FILE_FLAG_OVERLAPPED,
46:                          NULL);
47:     if (xbee.tty == INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE) {
48:         perror("xbee_setup():CreateFile()");
49:         xbee_mutex_destroy(xbee.conmutex);
50:         xbee_mutex_destroy(xbee.pktmutex);
51:         xbee_mutex_destroy(xbee.sendmutex);
52:         Xfree(xbee.path);
53:         return -1;
54:     }
55:
56:     GetCommState(xbee.tty, &tc);
57:     tc.BaudRate = baudrate;
58:     tc.fBinary = TRUE;
59:     tc.fParity = FALSE;
60:     tc.fOutxCtsFlow = FALSE;
61:     tc.fOutxDsrFlow = FALSE;
62:     tc.fDtrControl = DTR_CONTROL_DISABLE;
63:     tc.fDsrSensitivity = FALSE;
64:     tc.fTXContinueOnXoff = FALSE;
65:     tc.fOutX = FALSE;
66:     tc.fInX = FALSE;
67:     tc.fErrorChar = FALSE;
68:     tc.fNull = FALSE;
69:     tc.fRtsControl = RTS_CONTROL_DISABLE;
70:     tc.fAbortOnError = FALSE;
71:     tc.ByteSize = 8;
72:     tc.Parity = NOPARITY;
73:     tc.StopBits = ONESTOPBIT;
74:     SetCommState(xbee.tty, &tc);
75:
76:     timeouts.ReadIntervalTimeout = MAXDWORD;
77:     timeouts.ReadTotalTimeoutMultiplier = 0;
78:     timeouts.ReadTotalTimeoutConstant = 0;
79:     timeouts.WriteTotalTimeoutMultiplier = 0;
80:     timeouts.WriteTotalTimeoutConstant = 0;
81:     SetCommTimeouts(xbee.tty, &timeouts);
82:
83:     SetCommMask(xbee.tty, EV_RXCHAR);
84:
85:     return 0;

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86: }
87:
88: /* a replacement for the linux select() function... for a serial port */
89: static int xbee_select(struct timeval *timeout) {
90:     int evtMask = 0;
91:     COMSTAT status;
92:     int ret;
93:
94:     for (;;) {
95:         /* find out how many bytes are in the Rx buffer... */
96:         if (ClearCommError(xbee.tty,NULL,&status) && (status.cbInQue > 0)) {
97:             /* if there is data... return! */
98:             return 1; /*status.cbInQue;*/
99:         } else if (timeout && timeout->tv_sec == 0 && timeout->tv_usec == 0) {
100:            /* if the timeout was 0 (return immediately) then return! */
101:            return 0;
102:        }
103:
104:        /* otherwise wait for an Rx event... */
105:        memset(&xbee.ttyovrs,0,sizeof(OVERLAPPED));
106:        xbee.ttyovrs.hEvent = CreateEvent(NULL,TRUE,FALSE,NULL);
107:        if (!WaitCommEvent(xbee.tty,&evtMask,&xbee.ttyovrs)) {
108:            if (GetLastError() == ERROR_IO_PENDING) {
109:                DWORD timeoutval;
110:                if (!timeout) {
111:                    /* behave like the linux function... if the timeout pointer was NULL
112:                    then wait indefinitely */
113:                    timeoutval = INFINITE;
114:                } else {
115:                    /* Win32 doesn't give the luxury of microseconds and seconds... just miliseconds! */
116:                    timeoutval = (timeout->tv_sec * 1000) + (timeout->tv_usec / 1000);
117:                }
118:                ret = WaitForSingleObject(xbee.ttyovrs.hEvent,timeoutval);
119:                if (ret == WAIT_TIMEOUT) {
120:                    /* cause the WaitCommEvent() call to stop */
121:                    SetCommMask(xbee.tty, EV_RXCHAR);
122:                    /* if a timeout occurred, then return 0 */
123:                    CloseHandle(xbee.ttyovrs.hEvent);
124:                    return 0;
125:                }
126:            } else {
127:                return -1;
128:            }
129:        }
130:        CloseHandle(xbee.ttyovrs.hEvent);
131:    }
132:
133:    /* always return -1 (error) for now... */
134:    return -1;
135: }
136:
137: /* this offers the same behavior as non-blocking I/O under linux */
138: int xbee_write(const void *ptr, size_t size) {
139:     if (!WriteFile(xbee.tty, ptr, size, NULL, &xbee.ttyovrw) &&
140:         (GetLastError() != ERROR_IO_PENDING)) return 0;
141:     if (!GetOverlappedResult(xbee.tty, &xbee.ttyovrw, &xbee.ttyw, TRUE)) return 0;
142:     return xbee.ttyw;
143: }
144:
145: /* this offers the same behavior as non-blocking I/O under linux */
146: int xbee_read(void *ptr, size_t size) {
147:     if (!ReadFile(xbee.tty, ptr, size, NULL, &xbee.ttyovrr) &&
148:         (GetLastError() != ERROR_IO_PENDING)) return 0;
149:     if (!GetOverlappedResult(xbee.tty, &xbee.ttyovrr, &xbee.ttyr, TRUE)) return 0;
150:     return xbee.ttyr;
151: }
152:
153: /* this is because Win32 has some weird memory management rules...
154: - the thread that allocated the memory, must free it... */
155: void xbee_free(void *ptr) {
156:     if (!ptr) return;
157:     free(ptr);
158: }
159:
160: /* enable the debug output to a custom file or fallback to stderr */
161: int xbee_setupDebugAPI(char *path, int baudrate, char *logfile, char cmdSeq, int cmdTime) {
162:     int fd, ret;
163:     if ((fd = _open(logfile,_O_WRONLY | _O_CREAT | _O_TRUNC)) == -1) {
164:         ret = xbee_setuplogAPI(path,baudrate,2,cmdSeq,cmdTime);
165:     } else {
166:         ret = xbee_setuplogAPI(path,baudrate,fd,cmdSeq,cmdTime);
167:     }
168:     if (fd == -1) {
169:         xbee_log("Error opening logfile '%s' (errno=%d)... using stderr instead...",logfile,errno);
170:     }

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171:     return ret;
172: }
173: int xbee_setupDebug(char *path, int baudrate, char *logfile) {
174:     return xbee_setupDebugAPI(path,baudrate,logfile,0,0);
175: }
176:
177: /* These silly little functions are required for VB6
178:    - it freaks out when you call a function that uses va_args... */
179: xbee_con *xbee_newcon_simple(unsigned char frameID, xbee_types type) {
180:     return xbee_newcon(frameID, type);
181: }
182: xbee_con *xbee_newcon_16bit(unsigned char frameID, xbee_types type, int addr) {
183:     return xbee_newcon(frameID, type, addr);
184: }
185: xbee_con *xbee_newcon_64bit(unsigned char frameID, xbee_types type, int addrL, int addrH) {
186:     return xbee_newcon(frameID, type, addrL, addrH);
187: }
188:
189: /* for vb6... it will send a message to the given hWnd which can in turn check for a packet */
190: void xbee_callback(xbee_con *con, xbee_pkt *pkt) {
191:     win32_callback_info *p = callbackMap;
192:
193:     /* grab the mutex */
194:     xbee_mutex_lock(callbackmutex);
195:
196:     /* see if there is an existing callback for this connection */
197:     while (p) {
198:         if (p->con == con) break;
199:         p = p->next;
200:     }
201:
202:     /* release the mutex (before the SendMessage, as this could take time...) */
203:     xbee_mutex_unlock(callbackmutex);
204:
205:     /* if there is, continue! */
206:     if (p) {
207:         xbee_log("Callback message sent!");
208:         SendMessage(p->hWnd, p->uMsg, (int)con, (int)pkt);
209:     } else {
210:         xbee_log("Callback message NOT sent... Unmapped callback! (con=0x%08X)",con);
211:     }
212: }
213:
214: /* very simple C function to provide more functionality to VB6 */
215: int xbee_runCallback(int(*func)(xbee_con*,xbee_pkt*), xbee_con *con, xbee_pkt *pkt) {
216:     return func(con,pkt);
217: }
218:
219: void xbee_attachCallback(xbee_con *con, HWND hWnd, UINT uMsg) {
220:     win32_callback_info *l, *p;
221:
222:     /* grab the mutex */
223:     xbee_mutex_lock(callbackmutex);
224:
225:     l = NULL;
226:     p = callbackMap;
227:
228:     /* see if there is an existing callback for this connection */
229:     while (p) {
230:         if (p->con == con) break;
231:         l = p;
232:         p = p->next;
233:     }
234:     /* if not, then add it */
235:     if (!p) {
236:         p = Xcalloc(sizeof(win32_callback_info));
237:         p->next = NULL;
238:         p->con = con;
239:         if (!l) {
240:             xbee_log("Mapping the first callback...");
241:             callbackMap = p;
242:         } else {
243:             xbee_log("Mapping another callback...");
244:             l->next = p;
245:         }
246:     } else if (xbee.log) {
247:         xbee_log("Updating callback map...");
248:     }
249:     /* setup / update the parameters */
250:     xbee_log("hWnd = [%d]...",hWnd);
251:     xbee_log("uMsg = [%d]...",uMsg);
252:     p->hWnd = hWnd;
253:     p->uMsg = uMsg;
254:
255:     /* setup the callback function */

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256: con->callback = xbee_callback;
257:
258: /* release the mutex */
259: xbee_mutex_unlock(callbackmutex);
260: }
261:
262: void xbee_detachCallback(xbee_con *con) {
263: win32_callback_info *l = NULL, *p = callbackMap;
264: xbee_mutex_lock(callbackmutex);
265:
266: /* see if there is an existing callback for this connection */
267: while (p) {
268:     if (p->con == con) break;
269:     l = p;
270:     p = p->next;
271: }
272: /* if there is, then remove it! */
273: if (p) {
274:     if (!l) {
275:         callbackMap = NULL;
276:     } else if (l->next) {
277:         l->next = l->next->next;
278:     } else {
279:         l->next = NULL;
280:     }
281:     xbee_log("Unmapping callback...");
282:     xbee_log("hWnd = [%d]...",p->hWnd);
283:     xbee_log("uMsg = [%d]...",p->uMsg);
284:     Xfree(p);
285: }
286:
287: con->callback = NULL;
288:
289: /* release the mutex */
290: xbee_mutex_unlock(callbackmutex);
291: }
292:
293: /* win32 equivalent of unix gettimeofday() */
294: int gettimeofday(struct timeval *tv, struct timezone *tz) {
295:     if (tv) {
296:         struct _timeb timeb;
297:
298:         _ftime(&timeb);
299:         tv->tv_sec = timeb.time;
300:         tv->tv_usec = timeb.millitm * 1000;
301:     }
302:     /* ignore tz for now */
303:     return 0;
304: }
```